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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE                          | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/789,992      | 03/02/2004                           | Sang Woon Suh        | 1740-000038/US      | 9678             |
|                 | 7590 09/14/201<br>CKEY & PIERCE, P.L | EXAMINER             |                     |                  |
| P.O. BOX 8910   | )                                    | ALUNKAL, THOMAS D    |                     |                  |
| RESTON, VA      | 20193                                |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
|                 |                                      | 2627                 |                     |                  |
|                 |                                      |                      |                     |                  |
|                 |                                      |                      | MAIL DATE           | DELIVERY MODE    |
|                 |                                      |                      | 09/14/2010          | PAPER            |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

| Application No.   | Applicant(s) |  |
|-------------------|--------------|--|
| 10/789,992        | SUH ET AL.   |  |
| Examiner          | Art Unit     |  |
| THOMAS D. ALUNKAL | 2627         |  |

|                                  |  | THOM/ TO B. / LOTTIVE   | 2021  |
|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
|                                  | The MAILING DATE of this communication appe  | ears on the cover sheet with the c  | correspondence address  |
| THE F                            | REPLY FILED <u>23 August 2010</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF   | PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR   | ALLOWANCE.  |
|                                  | The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appetor Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 Coperiods:  | replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi<br>eal (with appeal fee) in compliance  | t, or other evidence, which places the with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request                |
| a)                               | The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing  | date of the final rejection.  |   |
| b)                               | no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (   | ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE   | g date of the final rejection.  |
| have bunder<br>set for<br>may re | MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(itions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date leen filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ext 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the sthin (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later educe any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). CE OF APPEAL  | on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1<br>tension and the corresponding amount<br>shortened statutory period for reply origi<br>than three months after the mailing dat | of the fee. The appropriate extension fee nally set in the final Office action; or (2) as |
|                                  | The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp  | liance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be  | filed within two months of the date of  |
|                                  | filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter<br>Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wind MINTS   | nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to   | avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a  |
|                                  | The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, because in the proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, because in the proposed amendment(s). They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below the proposed amendment in the proposed | nsideration and/or search (see NO   |   |
|                                  | (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or   | ter form for appeal by materially red   |   |
|                                  | (d) They present additional claims without canceling a c<br>NOTE:  | corresponding number of finally reje  | ected claims.   |
| 4. 🔲<br>5. 🔲                     | The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):   |   | mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).   |
| 6. 🔲                             | Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).  |   | timely filed amendment canceling the  |
|                                  | For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [ how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:   |   | l be entered and an explanation of  |
|                                  | DAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE  |   |   |
|                                  | The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu<br>because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and<br>was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).   |   |   |
|                                  | The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing<br>entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o<br>showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary   | vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea   | al and/or appellant fails to provide a  |
|                                  | The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation   | n of the status of the claims after e   | ntry is below or attached.  |
| 11. 🛚                            | The request for reconsideration has been considered but see Continuation Sheet.  |   | condition for allowance because:  |
|                                  | Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). ( Other:  | (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)   |   |
|                                  | yne Young/<br>ervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2627  | /Thomas D Alunkal/<br>Examiner, Art Unit 2627   |   |
|                                  |  |   |   |

Continuation of NOTE 11: Regarding the applicant's arguments beginning on page 10 of Remarks, the applicant argues that the combined teachings of Sako in view of Ha fail to disclose all of the claimed limitations of independent claim 1. The applicant argues on page 11 that "The so-called disk identifier data of Ha and the disk ID information of Sako are not the same information. In Sako, the disk ID information indicates whether the disk is single or double density and recording form. Sako teaches recording this information in the TOC. The disk identifier data in Ha is the same for all disks in a lot or run of a manufacturing cycle, and therefore is not unique to a particular disk. Also, the disk identifier data in Ha is used for authentication/copy protection. One skilled in the art would not take the teachings in Ha of where to store authentication/copy protection information and apply that to storing single/double density and recording form information. While Sako and Ha use similar "disk identifier" terminology, that terminology applies to very different information having totally different purposes. As such, it is improper to contend that the placement of one type of information on a recording medium would inform one skilled in the art as to the placement of completely different information. Accordingly, one skilled in the art would not have combined the teachings of Ha with Sako was asserted in the Office Action. In view of the above, even assuming Ha was combined with Sako, the resulting combination fails to render claim 1 obvious to one skilled in the art." The Examiner respectfully disagrees. As noted by the applicant on page 11 of Remarks, Ha is relied upon for the teachings of variable locations of a disc ID on a recording medium. The crux of the applicant's argument is that the "disc identifier" of Ha fails to identify a particular disc, but rather is used for authentication/copy protection. However, Column 7, lines 17-43 of Ha disclose that "disc identifier" is used to discriminate a type of optical disc from a blank disc. Therefore, the "disc identifier" of Ha does identify a particular disc type. Thus, the combined teachings of Sako in view of Ha disclose the claimed limitations of independent claim 1.

On page 12 of Remarks, the applicant argues that the combined teachings of Sako in view of Horimai and further in view of Ha fail to disclose the claimed limitations of independent claim 49. On pages 12-13, the applicant argues "Again, Applicants incorporate the arguments made in the Amendment filed March 15, 2010. In summary, Applicants argued Sako explicitly teaches away from wobbling pits "in a non-overlapping manner with respect to a central line of the wobbled pits," as recited in claim 49, and that it is a wellknown tenet of U.S. Patent Law that where one reference teaches away from the asserted combination, such a combination would NOT have been obvious to one skilled in the art. Still further, Applicants argued that such a combination would destroy the purpose and intent behind the wobbling in Sako, which is also a well-known impermissible combination. Applicants respectfully disagree. As the Examiner recognizes, Sako requires that the deflection of the pits meet the CD standards. As a result, the pits in Sako will overlap the central line. To suggest otherwise, would destroy the purpose and intent of Sako in meeting the CD standards. Accordingly, for the reasons give above, and given in detail in the March 15, 2010 Amendment, one skilled in the art would not have combined the teachings of Horimai with Sako; and Sako in view of Horimai, and Sako in view of Ha and Horimai, can not render claim 49 obvious to one skilled in the art." The Examiner respectfully disagrees. Specifically, the type of disc disclosed in Horimai is a CD (Column 9, lines 29-43). Therefore, the disc as disclosed by Horimai complies with the CD standard. As disclosed in Figure 5a of Horimai, wobbled pits are deflected by an amount so as to not overlap with a central line of the wobbled pits while still complying with the CD standard. Thus, when the teachings of Horimai are combined with the teachings of Sako, a wobbled pit string results that can be detected accurately by a single optical beam. The combined teachings of Sako in view of Horimai and further in view of Ha disclose the claimed limitations of independent 49.